INDUSTRIAL Band Saw Blades



The M. K. Morse Company Overview

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Visit the Morse BladeWizard on-line to select the right blade for your application:

bladewizard.com

At The M. K. Morse Company we've had just one focus for over forty-five years. Make better saw blades and accessories and get them to customers on time. We don't make machinery. We don't make other products. We do one thing and we do it very well.

This single-minded devotion has led to some unique innovations over the years. But, mostly it has led to a relentless march to improve value.

We are constantly looking for ways to build even more durability into our blades while driving production costs down. The result is a line of high value industrial band saw blades that top the charts in performance and quality.

We have accomplished this by totally integrating our manufacturing process. In fact, we do everything but make our own steel ... so far. This unique ability to control our processes makes it easier for us to meet tight production deadlines and control costs. Our customers get the benefits. At M. K. Morse this is the way we operate.



There really was an M. Kenneth Morse. As a manufacturer's rep, he became frustrated when he sold products manufacturers couldn't deliver on time or with the quality his customers demanded. He started manufacturing saw blades to make sure his customers got what they wanted when they needed it. We still do business the same way today, using the talents and resources of people working in manufacturing and warehousing facilities around the world. They are M. K. Morse, today.

We're still headquartered where we started ... in Canton, Ohio, U.S.A. However, today we have warehousing in Los Angeles, California; Vancouver, Canada; Toronto, Canada; West Yorkshire, England; and Helsinki, Finland. The Los Angeles, Toronto, and West Yorkshire warehouses are also weld centers. Our products are available from industrial supply distributors world-wide.

Our reputation for immediate availability at all distribution facilities and timely shipment is based on solid facts. Over 98% of all orders for standard stock products ship complete within 24 hours. Our integrated manufacturing process, dedication to customer service and worldwide distribution make it all possible. Our customers make it all worthwhile.

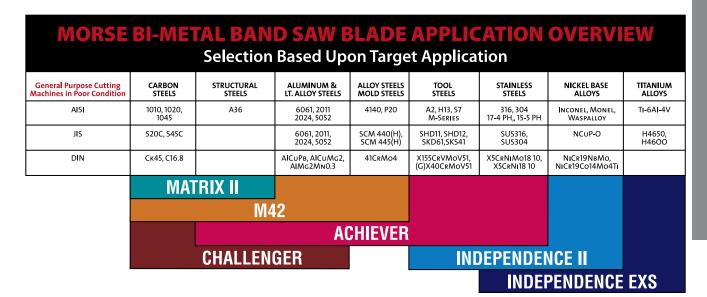
- Guaranteed shipping dates
- Guaranteed quality
- Guaranteed trial blades

See page 19 for all Guarantee information.

Visit us at mkmorse.com

M. K. Morse Band Saw Products Overview

This page provides a general overview of the types of M. K. Morse band saw blades best suited to different cutting applications.



	MORSE CARBIDE TIPPED BAND SAW BLADE APPLICATIONS												
	Selection Based Upon Target Application												
	CARBON STEELS	ALUMINUM & LT. ALLOY STEELS	ALLOY STEELS MOLD STEELS	TOOL STEELS	STAINLESS STEELS	TITANIUM ALLOYS	NICKEL BASE ALLOYS	CASE HARDENED	ALUMINUM CASTINGS	ABRASIVE WOODS	COMPOSITES	GRAPHITE	
AISI	1010, 1020, 1045	6061, 2011 2024, 5052	4140, P20	A2, H13, S7 M-Series	316, 304 17-4 PH, 15-5 PH	TI-6AI-4V	Inconel, Monel, Waspalloy						
JIS	S20C, S45C	6061, 2011, 2024, 5052	SCM 440(H), SCM 445(H)	SHD11, SHD12, SKD61,SKS41	SUS316, SUS304	H4650, H4600	NCuP-O						
DIN	Ск45, С16.8	AlCuPb, AlCuMg2, AlMg2Mn0.3	41CrMo4	X155CrVMoV51, (G)X40CrMoV51	X5CrNiMo18 10, X5CrNi18 10		NICR19NBMO, NICR19C014M04TI						
	M-FACTOR – GP								Μ	-FACT	OR – F	B	
							M-FACTO	R – CH					

MOF	MORSE CARBIDE GRIT BAND SAW BLADE APPLICATIONS Selection Based Upon Target Application										
CAST IRON HARDENED STEEL	CERAMICS FOAMED GLASS	FIBERGLASS	CABLE WIRE ROPE	CEMENT CONCRETE	TIRES & WIRE REINFORCED RUBBER	GRAPHITE	COMPOSITES				
CARBIDE GRIT											

MORSE	MORSE CARBON BAND SAW BLADE APPLICATION OVERVIEW Selection Based Upon Target Application									
PRODUCTION WOOD CUTTING	WOOD CUTTING	CARBON STEELS	LOW ALLOY STEELS	NON-FERROUS METALS	NON-METALIC MATERIALS/PLASTIC					
HARD EDGE HARD BACK / HARD EDGE FLEX BACK										



M-Factor by Morse® GP (General Purpose)

Sub micron grade carbide tooth tips are precision ground in a triple chip tooth design for maximum cutting performance. Specially designed for alloy steel and stainless steel applications for exceptional long life.

APPLICATIONS

- Alloy steels
- Stainless steels
- Typical users include: Steel service centers Forging operations General manufacturing

M-Factor by Morse – GP General Purpose



1 5/2 0 2/2 2/4
1.5/2.0 2/3 3/4
• •
• • •
• • •
*▼ *▼

* Available July, 2010

M-Factor by Morse® CH (Case Hardened)

Precision ground sub micron grade carbide tooth tips feature triple chip tooth profiles designed for long life and fast, smooth cutting of chrome plated, case hardened hydraulic shaft specifications.

APPLICATIONS

- Work hardened, chrome plated hydraulic cylinder shafts
- Case hardened shafts & shapes
- Heat treated thick wall tubing
- Typical users include: Steel service centers Automotive parts makers Cylinder Manufacturers Bearing Manufacturers

M-Factor by Morse – CH Case Hardened

Width x	Thickness	Te	eth Per	Inch
Inches	mm	2/3	3	3/4
1 x .035	27 x 0.90		▼	▼
1-1/4 x .042	34 x 1.07		▼	▼
1-1/2 x .050	41 x 1.30	▼		▼

M-Factor by Morse® FB (Foundry Band)

Sub micron grade carbide tooth tips are precision ground in a triple chip tooth profile specially designed for exceptional long life and fast cutting of tough, abrasive and non-ferrous materials.

APPLICATIONS

- Aluminum castings: gates, risers, extrusions
- Abrasive wood & plywood
- Typical users include: Aluminum foundries Graphite manufacturing Composite wood (furniture)



M-Factor by Morse – FB Aluminum Foundry

Width x	Width x Thickness				
Inches	mm	3			
1/2 x .025	12.7 x 0.60	▼			
3/4 x .035	19 x 0.90	▼			
1 x .035	27 x 0.90	▼			
1-1/4 x .042	34 x 1.07	▼			

Independence II[®] High Production Bi-Metal Blades

Highly fatigue resistant to eliminate premature breakage. Excellent in solid tool steels and small to medium stainless & nickel based alloys.

BLADE FEATURES

- Special high speed steel tooth edges
- Special alloy steel backer
- Unique tooth geometry
- Superior wear, heat and shock resistance
- Fewer blade changes in a wide range of materials equals less downtime

Width x T		Teeth F	Per Inch		
Inches	mm	2/3	3/4	4/6	5/7
		Variable			
1 x .035	27 x .90	▼			
1-1/4 x .042	34 x 1.07	▼	▼	▼	\bullet
1-1/2 x .050	41 x 1.27	▼	▼	▼	▼
2 x .063	54 x 1.60	▼	▼	▼	▼

APPLICATIONS

High production cutting Solids of tool steel A2, D2, S7

- Small to medium solids of stainless (304, 316, 17-4)
- Nickel based alloys Inconel, Monel
- All machinable metals in single pieces or bundles

Independence EXS® High Production Bi-Metal Blades

Longer lasting than competitive blades and more wear resistant than The Achiever[®], and M42, these blades are the best choice for cutting exotics, stainless steels and large solids.

Width x T		Teeth P	er Inch		
Inches mm		1.1/1.5	2/3	3/4	4/6
			Variable		
1 x .035	27 x .90		▼		▼
1-1/4 x .042	34 x 1.07		▼	▼	▼
1-1/2 x .050	41 x 1.27	▼	▼		
2 x .063	54 x 1.60	▼	▼	▼	

Independence® Wide Bands

Width x 1			eeth Per Inc	h			
Inches mm		.75/1.1	1.1/1.5	1.5/2.0	2/3	3/4	
		Variable					
2-5/8 x .063	67 x 1.60	•	▼	▼	▼	▼	
3 x .063	80 x 1.60	•					

APPLICATIONS

- High production cutting
- Large solids
- Stainless steels
- Exotics



Consistently reliable with excellent durability in mild to difficult materials – layer and bundle cuts in large profiles and solids.

APPLICATIONS

- Production cutting
- Material range from carbon to stainless steel
- Layer & bundle cuts: 1018, 4140, 4340 tool steels stainless steels
- Large profiles & solids carbon steels alloy tooth steel stainless steel



BLADE FEATURES

- Best performance in a wide range of materials
- M. K. Morse proprietary edge wire
- M. K. Morse engineered spring steel backer additional rigidity
- Consistent reliability / performance from blade to blade
- Exceptional tooth durability and fatigue resistance





The Achiever®

Width x 1			Teeth F	Per Inch			
Inches	mm	1.4/2.5	2/3	3/4	4/6	5/7	5/8
				Variable Pit	ch - 0º Rake	2	
1 x .035	27 x .90				▼		▼
1-1/4 x .042	34 x 1.07			▼	▼		
1-1/2 x .050	41 x 1.27		▼	▼			
			Variat	le Pitch - Po	sitive Rake		
1 x .035	27 x .90		▼			▼	
1-1/4 x .042	34 x 1.07	▼	▼	▼	▼▼	▼	
1-1/2 x .050	41 x 1.27	▼	$\mathbf{\nabla}\mathbf{\nabla}$	▼▼	▼▼		
2 x .063	54 x 1.60	▼	$\mathbf{\nabla}$	▼▼			
🔻 Heavy Set							

IEVER

Challenger™ Structural Bi-Metal Blades

Long life and straight cuts in structural material cutting applications while reducing noise and vibration.



BLADE FEATURES

- Special tooth profile for cutting structural materials
- Increased beam strength
- Less noise and vibration
- Less tooth strippage
- Longer life in interrupted cuts
- Straighter interrupted and bundle cuts

APPLICATIONS

- Specially designed for structural applications
- Bundle cuts
- Interrupted cuts
- I-beams
- Low alloy steels
- Carbon steels
 A36









Challenger Structural Blades

Width x Thick	1	eeth Per I	nch		
Inches	mm	2/3	3/4	4/6	5/7
1 x .035	27 x .90			▼	▼
1-1/4 x .042	32 x 1.1	▼▼	▼▼	▼▼	▼▼
1-1/2 x .050	41 x 1.3	▼▼	▼▼	▼▼	▼▼
2 x .063	54 x 1.6			$\mathbf{\nabla}\mathbf{\nabla}$	

🔻 Heavy Set



M42 Production Bi-Metal Blades

Durability for higher production speeds on difficult to machine solids and heavy walled structures

APPLICATIONS

- Solids
- Heavy walled structures
- Carbon steels
- Alloy steels
- Some stainless steels
- Medium to heavy
 production machines



Variable Pitch - Positive Rake

Width x 1	hickness		T	eeth Per Incl	1	
Inches	mm	1.4/2.5	2/3	3/4	4/6	5/7
				Variable		
3/4 x .035	19 x .90				▼	▼
1 x .035	27 x .90		▼	▼▼	$\mathbf{\nabla}\mathbf{\nabla}$	▼
1-1/4 x .042	34 x 1.07		▼	$\mathbf{\nabla}$	▼▼	▼
1-1/2 x .050	41 x 1.27	▼	▼	$\mathbf{\nabla}$	▼▼	
2 x .050	54 x 1.27		▼	▼		
2 x .063	54 x 1.60	▼	▼	▼		

V Available with 6° rake angle

Variable Pitch - 0° Rake

Width x T	hickness			Te	eeth Per li	nch		
Inches	mm	2/3	3/4	4/6	5/8	6/10	8/12	10/14
					Variable			
1/4 x .025	6.4 x .64							
1/4 x .035	6.4 x .90							
3/8 x .035	9.5 x .90							▼
1/2 x .025	12.7 x .64							
1/2 x .035	12.7 x .90							▼
3/4 x .035	19 x .90			▼	▼	▼	▼	▼
1 x .035	27 x .90	▼	▼	▼	▼	▼	▼	▼
1-1/4 x .042	34 x 1.07	▼	▼					
1-1/2 x .050	41 x 1.27	▼	▼	▼	▼			

Straight Pitch

Width x T	hickness					Teet	th Per In	ch				
Inches	mm	4	6	8	10	14	10	1	1.14	3	4	6
				Raker			Wavy			Hook		
1/4 x .035	6.4 x .90				▼	▼						
3/8 x .035	9.5 x .90				▼						▼	
1/2 x .025	12.7 x .64											▼
1/2 x .035	12.7 x .90				▼	▼					▼	▼
1 x .035	27 x .90	▼	▼	▼			▼					
1-1/4 x .042	34 x 1.07	▼	\bullet						▼	▼	▼	
2 x .050	54 x 1.27							▼				
2 x .063	54 x 1.60							▼				

Straight Pitch teeth are most often used when the cross sectional size range is consistent.

Matrix II General Purpose Bi-Metal Blades

General purpose blades ideal for cutting materials with easy to moderate machinability. Matrix II bi-metal band saw blades offer good value in maintenance shops and small fabricating shops.

Variable Pitch-Positive Rake

Width x T	hickness	ī	eeth Per Ir	nch
Inches	mm	2/3	3/4	4/6
			Variable	
3/4 x .035	19 x .90		\bullet	▼
1 x .035	27 x .90		▼	$\mathbf{\nabla}\mathbf{\nabla}$
1-1/4 x .042	34 x 1.07		\bullet	▼
1-1/2 x .050	41 x 1.27	▼	▼	▼

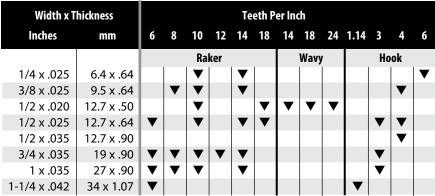
🔻 Heavy Set

Variable Pitch - 0° Rake

Width x T	hickness			Teet	h Per Inch								
Inches	mm	4/6	5/8	6/10	8/12	10/14	14/18	20/24					
					Variable								
1/4 x .025	6.4 x .64					\bullet							
3/8 x .025	9.5 x .64					▼							
1/2 x .020	12.7 x .50					▼	▼	▼					
1/2 x .025	12.7 x .64			▼	▼	▼	$\mathbf{\nabla}$						
1/2 x .035	12.7 x .90			▼		▼							
5/8 x .035	16 x .90		▼	▼		▼							
3/4 x .035	19 x .90		▼	▼	▼	▼							
1 x .035	27 x .90	▼	▼	▼	▼	▼							
1-1/4 x .042	34 x 1.07		▼	▼									
1-1/2 x .050	41 x 1.27		▼										

Variable Pitch teeth can handle a wider range of application sizes and reduce sawing harmonics for quieter, reduced vibration cutting.

Specifications - Straight Pitch



APPLICATIONS

4.3.3

- Carbon steels
- Structural steels A36 Single piece **Bundles Stacked pieces**
- Interrupted cuts of: **Pipe & tubing Angle & channel**
- Small & medium band saw machines

BLADE FEATURES

- Variable pitch teeth handle a wide range of application sizes
- Good general purpose metal cutting blade
- Reduced sawing harmonics – quieter, less vibration
- Moderate cost-per-blade low cost-per-cut

 \mathbf{D} **GENERAL PURPOSE BLADES** \triangleright

> × 3 m

Straight Pitch teeth are most often used when the cross sectional size range is consistent.

APPLICATIONS

- Tool & die shops
- Die blocks
- Tool steels
- "D" grade steels
- "Super" alloys
- Inconel
- Waspalloy
- Hastelloy
- Tough materials
- Typically used on vertical machines

~

Bi-Metal Die Band Blades

Designed for cutting solids with very low machinability including the toughest machinable materials. Production cutting with less blade changes for tool and die shops.

BLADE FEATURES

- Low cost-per-cut
- High heat and wear resistance
- Available in Matrix II and M42 specifications
- Wide selection of blade type and tooth sizes
- Made with either straight pitch or variable pitch teeth
- Matrix II die bands, with high shock resistance, are better suited for thinner sections
- M42 die bands offer high wear and heat resistance and are best suited for cutting difficult-to-machine tool steel and die blocks

M42 Specifications

Width x Th	ickness			Teeth	Per Inc	h	
Inches	mm)	10	14	4	6	8/12	10/14
		Ra	ker	Ho	ok	Var	iable
1/4 x .025	6.4 x .64						▼
1/4 x .035	6.4 x .90	▼	▼				▼
3/8 x .035	9.5 x .90	▼		▼			▼
1/2 x .025	12.7 x .64				▼		
1/2 x .035	12.7 x .90	▼	▼	▼	▼		▼

Matrix II Specifications

Width x T	hickness						Teeth	Per Inch					
Inches	mm	6	8	10	14	18	3	4	6	6/10	8/12	10/14	14/18
				Raker				Hook			Varia	ble	
1/4 x .025	6.4 x .64			▼	▼				▼				
3/8 x .025	9.5 x .64		▼	▼	▼			▼				▼	
1/2 x .025	12.7 x .64	▼		▼	▼	▼	▼	▼		▼	▼	▼	▼
1/2 x .035	12.7 x .90							▼		▼		▼	

Pallet Dismantling Blades

Specially designed to withstand the rough service required on dismantling machines while cutting through pallet nails and staples.

BLADE FEATURES

- Low cost-per-cut
- Rugged durability
- Available in bi-metal Matrix II and M42 specifications as well as a special grade of carbon steel
- Made with either straight pitch or variable pitch teeth

M42 Bi-Metal

Width x T	hickness	Т	eeth Per Ir	nch
Inches	mm	6/10	5/8	6
		Varia	able	Raker
1-1/4 x .042	32 x 1.1		▼	▼

Matrix II Bi-Metal

Width x T	hickness		leeth Per I	nch
Inches	mm	6/10	5/8	6
		Vari	able	Raker
1-1/4 x .042	32 x 1.1	▼	▼	▼

Lower cost blades are available in a special grade of carbon steel to enhance their durability in a variety of dismantling machines.

Carbon Hard Back (HB) Special

Width x Th	nickness	Т	eeth Per Ir	nch
Inches	mm	6/10	5/8	6
		Varia	able	Raker
1-1/4 x .042	32 x 1.1		▼	▼

APPLICATIONS

 All types of band saw pallet dismantling machines



Carbon General Purpose Blades

APPLICATIONS

- Low alloy, easy-tomachine ferrous metals
- Non-ferrous metals: Brass/copper Bronze Aluminum Lead
- Wood
- Plastic
- Cork
- Composition board
- Plywood

Stiffer blades offer straighter cuts in wood & metal cutting. On metals they are used for short production and maintenance applications

BLADE FEATURES

- Manufactured from a single piece of high carbon steel with individually hardened tooth tips
- Low cost-per-blade/low cost-per-cut in wood & similar materials
- In metals; low cost-per-blade/higher cost-per-cut than bi-metal
- Stiffer than hard edge flex (HEF) blades due to a hardened & tempered backer
- Straighter cuts with heavier feed pressure than carbon HEF
- Will accept heavier feed pressure than carbon HEF
- Good on easy-to-machine metals and other easy-to-cut materials
- Not recommended for blade speeds exceeding 4000 sfm

Specifications

Width x 1	hickness										Tee	th Pe	r Inc	h								
Inches	mm	6	8	10	14	18	24	8	10	12	14	18	24	32	1.3	2	3	4	6	3	4	6
				Ra	ker						Wavy	1					Hook				Skip	
3/16 x .025	4.8 x .64																				▼	
1/4 x .025	6.4 x .64			▼	▼	▼	▼							▼				▼	▼		▼	
3/8 x .025	9.5 x .64		▼	▼	▼	▼											▼	▼	▼	▼	▼	
1/2 x .020	12.7 x .50				▼																	
1/2 x .025	12.7 x .64	▼	▼	▼	▼	▼	▼		▼		▼	▼	▼				▼	▼	▼		▼	
5/8 x .032	16 x .80		▼	▼	▼													▼				
3/4 x .032	19 x .80	▼	▼	▼	▼	▼			▼	▼	▼	▼				••	▼		▼	▼	▼	
1 x .035	27 x .90	▼	▼	▼	▼										▼	▼	▼	▼				
1 x .042	27 x 1.1														▼							
1/4 x .035	32 x .90														▼							
1/4 x .042	32 x 1.1	▼													▼							

▼ Standard Set ▼ Heavy Set ▼ D-Double Set Raker

CARBON HARD BACK

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BA

Carbon Wood Production Blades

Ideal for wood production cutting and short production/ maintenance/general purpose applications using low alloy steel & non-ferrous metals

BLADE FEATURES

- Manufactured from a single piece of high carbon steel with individually hardened tooth tips
- More fatigue resistant than Carbon hard back
- Low cost-per-blade/low cost-per-cut in wood
- Low cost-per-blade/higher cost-per-cut in tougher materials
- Can be run at speeds up to 15,000 sfm

APPLICATIONS

- Wood
- Plastic
- Cork
- Composition board
- Plywood
- Aluminum
- Non-ferrous metals
- Low alloy steel



Specifications

Width x Thi	ckness														Per In									
Inches	mm	4	6	8	10	14	18	24	10	12	14	18	24	32	1	1.14	1.3	2	3	4	6	3	4	6
					Rake	r					Wa	avy					l	Hool	(Skip	
1/8 x .025	3 x .64					▼	▼																	
3/16 x .025	4.8 x .64				▼	▼																	▼	
1/4 x .014	6.4 x .30					▼	▼						▼	▼										▼
1/4 x .020	6.4 x .50																							▼
1/4 x .025	6.4 x .64			▼	▼	▼	▼	▼						▼						▼	▼		▼	▼
3/8 x .014	9.5 x .30					▼							▼	▼										▼
3/8 x .025	9.5 x .64			▼	▼	▼	▼	▼											▼	▼	▼	▼	▼	
3/8 x .032	9.5 x .80																	▼▼						
1/2 x .020	12.7 x .50		▼		▼				▼		▼	▼	▼						▼					
1/2 x .025	12.7 x .64	▼	▼	▼	▼	▼	▼	▼			▼	▼	▼	▼					▼	▼▼	▼▼	▼	▼	
5/8 x .032	16 x .80				▼	▼	▼		▼		▼								▼	▼	▼			
3/4 x .032	19 x .80		▼	▼	▼	▼	▼				▼							▼	▼	▼	▼	▼	▼	
3/4 x .050	19 x 1.30																	▼	▼					
1 x .035	27 x .90		▼	▼	▼	▼											▼	▼▼	▼	▼	▼	▼		
1 x .035 *Bright	27 x .90																▼							
1 x .042	27 x 1.07																▼							
1 x .042 *Bright	27 x 1.07																▼							
1 1/4 x .035	32 x .90															▼	▼	▼						
1 1/4 x .042	32 x 1.07														▼	▼	▼					▼		
1 1/4 x .042 *Bright	32 x 1.07															▼	▼							
1 1/2 x .045	38.1 x 1.14															▼								
2 x .035	50.8 x .90															▼	▼							
2 x .042	50.8 x 1.07														▼	▼								

▼ Standard Set ▼ Heavy Set ▼ D-Double Set Raker

* "Bright" specifications have an unblued, silver surface finish.

Ideal for use on large, high-speed vertical cutting band machines used in the furniture industry. Blades offer faster cutting while maintaining precision required in the furniture industry.

APPLICATIONS

- Wood
- Chip board
- Plywood
- Cardboard
- Used on large, vertical, high-speed wood cutting machines

BLADE FEATURES

- Special ETS (every tooth set) pattern and aggressive 10° hook tooth design for faster cutting with longer tooth tip life
- Flexible backer resists fatigue but allows contour control required in furniture manufacturing
- Manufactured from a single piece of high carbon steel with individually hardened tooth tips
- Thicker blade is stiffer for more control
- Low cost-per-blade/low cost-per-cut
- Can be resharpened for longer tooth life

Carbon Furniture Production Blades

Width x T	hickness				Teeth Per Inc	h			
Inches	mm	3	4	6	2	3	4	6	
			Hook ETS		Hook Raker Set				
1/4 x .025	6.4 x .64						▼	▼	
1/4 x .032	6.4 x .80								
3/8 x .025	9.5 x .64	•				▼	▼	▼	
3/8 x .032	9.5 x .80								
1/2 x .025	12.7 x .64					▼	$\mathbf{\nabla}\mathbf{\nabla}$	$\mathbf{\nabla}\mathbf{\nabla}$	
1/2 x .032	12.7 x .80								
5/8 x .032	16.0 x .80					▼	▼	▼	
3/4 x .032	19.0 x .80				•	▼▼	▼	▼	

▼ Standard Set ▼ ETS Set ▼ Heavy Set

▼ D-Double Set Raker ▼ Special Extra Heavy Set Hard Back

RODUCTION APPLICATIONS

ARBON BLA

Carbon Wood Mill/Resaw Blades

Versatile blades offer high value in a variety of wood cutting applications. Blades are manufactured from a single piece of high carbon steel with individually hardened tooth tips.

BLADE FEATURES

- Available in both flex back & hard back
- Flex back blades are more fatigue resistant
- Hard back blades offer straighter cuts
- Low cost-per-blade/low cost-per-cut
- Can be resharpened for longer tooth life
- Some flex back specifications are available with a bright finish

Hard Edge Hard Back - (HB)

Width x T	Teeth Per Inch	
Inches	mm	1.3
		Hook
1 x .035	27.5 x .9	▼
1-1/4 x .035	32.0 x .9	▼
1-1/4 x .042	32.0 x 1.1	▼

Quik Silver® Blades

Ideal for wood cutting applications where blade fatigue problems are an increased concern.

BLADE FEATURES

- Made from a single piece of Quik Silver alloy steel with individually hardened tooth tips
- Available in both flex back & hard back
- Flex back blades are fatigue resistant
- Hard back blades offer straighter cuts
- Low cost-per-blade/low cost-per-cut
- Can be resharpened for longer tooth life

APPLICATIONS

- Portable and stationary wood mills
- Single head and multihead resaw systems
- Scragg mills

Hard Edge Flex Back - (HEF)

Width x T	hickness		Teeth	Per Inch	
Inches	mm	1	1.14	1.3	2
			Но	ok	
1 x .035	27.5 x .9			▼▼	▼
1 x .042	27.5 x 1.1			▼	▼
1-1/4 x .035	32.0 x .9		▼	▼	▼
1-1/4 x .042	32.0 x 1.1	▼	$\mathbf{\nabla}\mathbf{\nabla}$		
1-1/2 x .045	38.1 x 1.1		▼		
2 x .035	50.8 x .9		▼	▼	
2 x .042	50.8 x 1.1		▼		



APPLICATIONS

• Wood cutting with increased fatigue resistance

Quik Silver Flex Back (RSF) & Hard Back (RSH)

Width x T	hickness		Teeth F	Per Inch	
Inches	mm	1	1.14	1.3	2
			Ho	ok	
1 x .035	27.5 x .9			$\mathbf{\nabla}\mathbf{\nabla}$	$\mathbf{\nabla}\mathbf{\nabla}$
1-1/4 x .042	32 x 1.1			$\mathbf{\nabla}\mathbf{\nabla}$	
1-1/2 x .045	38 x 1.1				
2 x .035	51 x .9				
2 x .042	51 x 1.1				
▼ RSF flexback	▼ RSH hardba	ick			

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Available in continuous and gulleted cutting edges

thinner than 1/4" (6.4mm) with surfaces that chip

• Continuous grit for brittle materials, or materials

Gulleted grit for 1/4["] and larger wall thickness

Medium grit for thin materials or fine finishes

Ideal for cutting ceramics and other materials that are too hard or abrasive for standard bi-metal blades, tungsten carbide grit blades provide superior wear resistance.

APPLICATIONS

- Fiberglass
- Ceramics
- Cast iron
- Graphite
- Tires & wire reinforced rubber
- Cable & wire rope
- Brittle materials or surfaces that chip









Carbide Grit (Continuous)

BLADE FEATURES

Reversible to extend service life

Available in medium to coarse grit

Coarse grit for cutting thick materials

Very smooth finish

Width x T	hickness	Grit	Size
Inches	Inches mm		Coarse
1/4 x .020	6.4 x .50	▼	
1/2 x .025	12.7 x .64	▼	
1 x .035	27 x .90	▼	▼

Carbide Grit (Gulleted)

Width x Thickr	less		Grit Size Medium	
Inches	mm	Medium	Coarse	Coarse
3/8 x .025	9.5 x .64	▼	▼	
1/2 x .025	12.7 x .64	▼	▼	
3/4 x .032	19 x .80		▼	▼
1 x .035	27 x .90		▼	▼
1-1/4 x .042	34 x 1.07			▼



HARD & ABRASIVE MATERIALS

CARBIDE GR

Morse Band Saw Tension Gauge

Allows you to quickly check for under-tensioned or over-tensioned blade conditions while the blade is on the machine.

TENSION GAUGE FEATURES

- Durable cast/powder coated body
- Calibrated gauge measures in lbs/in² as well as kg's/cm²
- Quality storage box with protective foam inserts





BENEFITS OF PROPER BLADE TENSION:

- Optimal blade life
- Precise cutting results
- Reduces the occurrence of machine damage due to blade over-tensioning



Blade Break-In: Extremely Important

The extremely sharp tooth points and edges of new blades must be broken-in before applying full feed pressure to the blade. A good analogy is that of writing with a freshly sharpened wooden pencil.

RECOMMENDED BREAK-IN PROCEDURE

- Maintain proper blade speed for the material to be cut.
- Reduce blade feed pressure or feed rate by 50% for the first 50 to 100 square inches of material cut.
- Gradually increase feed pressure or feed rate after break-in to full pressure or rate.

Warning About Blade Usage

CUTTING TOOLS CAN SHATTER AND/OR BREAK UNDER IMPROPER OR SEVERE USE. WEAR SAFETY EQUIPMENT, AND PARTICULARLY GOGGLES, GLOVES AND HEARING PROTECTION, AT ALL TIMES IN THE VICINITY OF THEIR USE. ALWAYS FOLLOW BAND SAW MACHINE MANUFACTURERS' RECOMMENDATIONS.

A Change to M. K. Morse Band Saw Part Numbers

The M. K. Morse Company has begun using 10-digit numeric band saw blade part numbers rather than alpha-numeric part numbers.

The first 6-digits of the part number identifies the material and size specifications. The last 4-digits identifies the length of the blade for both weld-to-length bands and coil stock.

The following band saw blade part number reference chart provides the same details we have in-house to configure the new part numbers. Customer Service at M. K. Morse will be able to assist all band saw blade distributors with any cross referencing needed. We are providing this information so that our distributors are informed and have all available information. If you have any questions, please contact your M. K. Morse Customer Service Representative.

The M. K. Morse Company Warranty

The M. K. Morse Company warrants each new product manufactured and sold by it or one of its authorized distributors only against defects in workmanship and/or materials under normal service, proper installation and use. THIS WARRANTY IS LIMITED TO REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT OF VERIFIED DEFECTIVE PRODUCTS AND EXCLUDES ANY AND ALL IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY AND ALL RISK AND LI-ABILITY WHATSOEVER RESULTING FROM ANY USE OF SAID PRODUCTS, INCLUDING INCIDENTAL AND CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES. THERE ARE NO WARRANTIES WHICH EXTEND BEYOND THE DESCRIPTION ON THE FACE THEREOF. The provisions of this warranty and limitation of liability shall not be modified in any respect except by written document signed by an officer of The M. K. Morse Company.

Trial Band Saw Blades From M. K. Morse

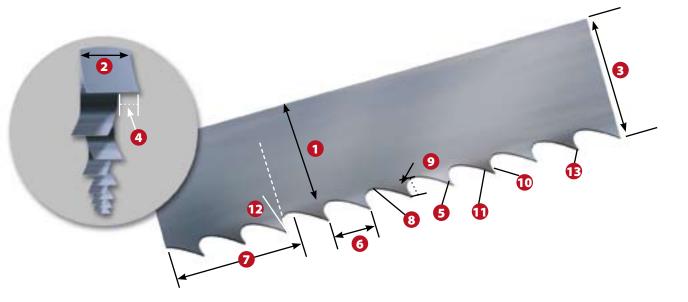
The M. K. Morse Company will provide bi-metal and carbon weld-tolength blades on a "Guaranteed Billed Trial Blade Basis" for the purpose of user evaluation of performance. If the blade recommended by Morse or approved by Morse for the particular application, fails to perform satisfactorily for the user, Morse will issue a full credit for the invoice value of the blade upon the return of the blade to Morse.

In all instances where Morse provides bi-metal and carbon welded-tolength band saw blades for trial and evaluation, the Morse sales representative will provide follow-up.

Morse is confident in the ability of our blades to meet the end users expectations for performance.

Anatomy of a Saw Blade

Although it looks like a flat piece of metal with teeth, a quality industrial band saw blade is actually a sophisticated cutting tool. Its ability to efficiently cut through tough metals, composite materials, plastics, and woods depends on a variety of interrelated factors such as the design, spacing and set of the teeth; the design and capacity of the gullets to make sure chips are efficiently removed; the composition of the backer strip; and the gage of the metal. These considerations must be taken into account when selecting the right blade for your application. The following Technical Pages will help you arrive at the perfect Morse solution to your particular cutting problem.



- **Blade Back** The body of the blade not including tooth portion
- **2** Gage The thickness of the blade
- **B** Width The tip of tooth to back of blade
- **3** Set The bending of teeth right or left
- **5** Tooth...... The cutting portion of the saw blade
- **6** Tooth Pitch The distance from one tooth tip to the next
- **60 Gullet** The curved area between the tooth points
- 10 Tooth Face The surface of the tooth on which the chip is formed
- **Tooth Rake Angle** The angle of the tooth face measured with respect to a line perpendicular to the cutting direction of the saw
- 10 Tooth Tip...... The cutting edge of the saw tooth

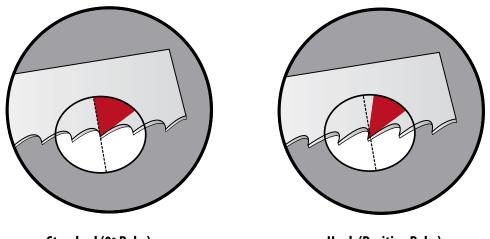
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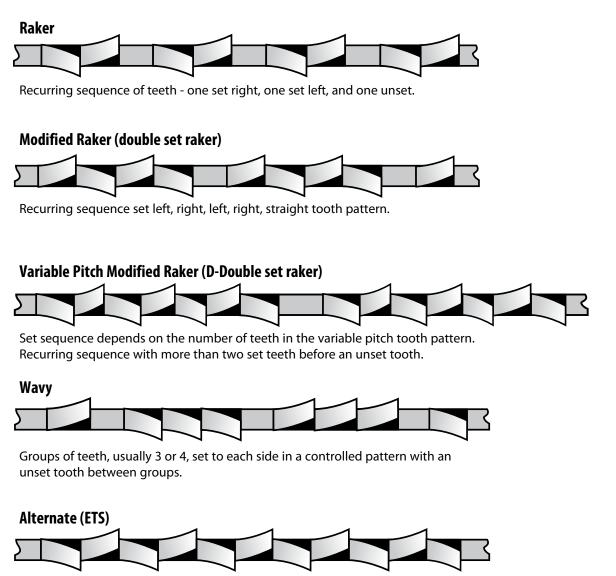
EFINITIONS



Standard (0º Rake)

Hook (Positive Rake)

Here's where the blade makes the cut. The tooth design variables include shape, position, set, type and spacing. The combination of these variables will determine whether the blade can move easily through your material without binding or becoming clogged with chips.



Every tooth set alternately to the left and right.

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Band Saw Tooth Pitches

Variable Pitch

- Varying gullet depth
- 0° Rake angle
- Variable tooth spacing

Advantages

- Excellent chip carrying capacity
- Reduces harmonic vibration



Benefits

- Improves blade life
- Reduces noise
- Cuts smoother & more efficiently

Variable Pitch Positive Rake

- Varying gullet depth
- Variable tooth spacing
- Positive rake angle

Advantages

- Better chip formation
- Excellent chip carrying capacity
- Reduces harmonic vibration
- More aggressive cutting

Benefits

- Cuts smoother, cuts faster
- Wide range of applications
- Reduces noise
- Easier chip generation

Standard Raker

- Equally spaced teeth
- 0° Rake angle

Advantages

• Excellent chip carrying capacity

Easier Chi



Benefits

General purpose

Wide flat gullets

Skip

• 0° Rake angle • Equally spaced teeth

Advantages

- Excellent chip carrying capacity
- Provide coarse pitch on narrow bands
- Flat gullets

Benefits

- Excellent cutting for non-metallic & non-ferrous applications, (wood, plastic, brass, copper, bronze & aluminum)
- Help break "stringy" chips

- Hook
- Wide rounded gullets
- Equally spaced teeth
- Positive rake angle

Advantages

- Excellent chip carrying in non-metallic applications
- Positive rake provides better tip penetration with less feed pressure

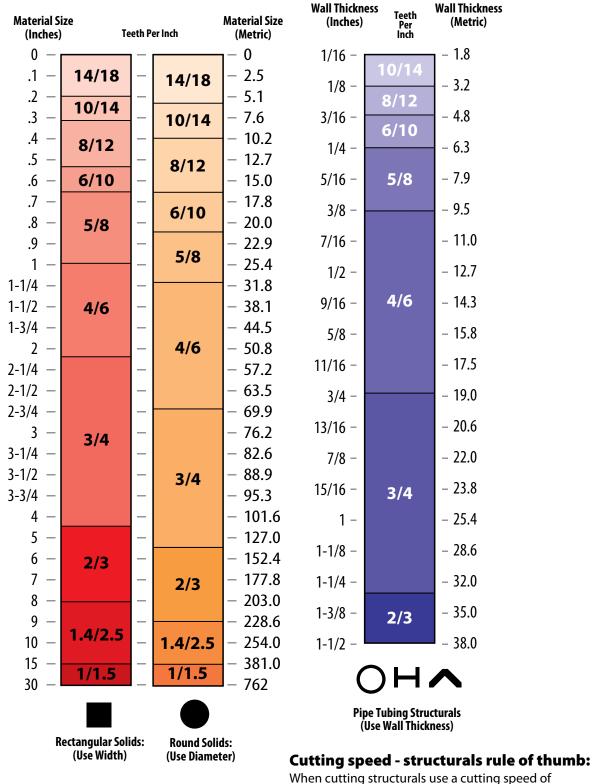
Benefits

- Good cutting performance in discontinuous chip forming materials (cast iron)
- Fast cutting with good surface finish



Tooth Selection Guide (teeth per inch)

Band saw tooth size (Teeth Per Inch) is determined by the size and type of material to be cut and the desired finish. To select T.P.I. using this chart, find the colored chart for the type of material you wish to cut. Move up to the correct material size next to the chart. Follow across to the chart for the appropriate T.P.I. for your blade.



250-325 S.F.M. Wet • 200-250 S.F.M. Dry

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TECH INFORMATION CUTTING SPEED CHART

	For use with Bi-Metal Blades*									
	UND	ER 1″	1″ T	O 3″	3″ T	O 6″	6″ - C	VER		
TYPE OF MATERIAL	Blade Speed (SFM)	Removal Rate (in²/min.)	Blade Speed (SFM)	Removal Rate (in²/min.)	Blade Speed (SFM)	Removal Rate (in²/min.)	Blade Speed (SFM)	Removal Rate (in²/min.)		
STRUCTURAL STEEL SHAPE	S									
A36, A242, A662	300		280		260		240			
CARBON STEEL		1								
1005 - 1013 1015 - 1035	310 300	8 - 12 9 - 13	290 280	10 - 15 13 - 17	270 260	13 - 18 15 - 20	250 250	11 - 16 11 - 17		
1040 - 1059	240	5-7	230	6-8	200	8 - 11	190	7 - 10		
1060 - 1080	220	4 - 7	205	7 - 8	195	8 - 11	160	7 - 9		
1084 - 1095 FREE MACHINING STEEL	200	3 - 6	190	5 - 7	180	6 - 8	130	5 - 8		
1110	310	9 - 12	280	11 - 15	280	15 - 18	240	12 - 15		
1117 - 1118	300	9-12	270	11 - 16	270	14 - 19	230	12 - 13		
1137 - 1151	260	6-8	230	7 - 10	220	10 - 13	190	8 - 12		
1211 - 1215 MANGANESE STEEL	310	9 - 12	290	11 - 15	270	14 - 19	250	13 - 17		
1330 - 1345	260	4 - 7	240	6 - 8	215	8 - 11	195	6-9		
1513 - 1536	300	11 - 13	240	14 - 15	260	16 - 18	240	12 - 17		
1541 - 1572	245	4 - 7	230	6 - 8	200	9 - 11	175	8 - 10		
MOLYBDENUM STEEL										
4012 - 4024 4027 - 4037	250 240	4 - 7 4 - 7	230 230	6 - 8 6 - 9	200 190	8 - 11 8 - 11	175 170	6 - 10 6 - 10		
4042 - 4047	220	4-6	210	5 - 7	170	6-9	150	5 - 8		
CHROME MOLY STEEL										
4118 - 4130	230	5 - 9	220	7 - 11	200	9 - 13	180	8 - 12		
4135 - 4142	220 200	4-7	210	6-9	190 180	9 - 13	170 160	8 - 12 5 - 8		
4145 - 4161 NICKEL CHROME MOLY STE		2 - 6	180	5 - 8	180	6 - 10	160	5-8		
4317 - 4320	210	4 - 6	190	5 - 8	170	6-9	150	5 - 8		
4337 - 4340	200	4 - 6	180	4 - 7	160	5 - 8	140	4 - 7		
4718 - 4720 8615 - 8627	275 210	4 - 7 4 - 6	270 190	6 - 8 5 - 7	245 170	7 - 10 6 - 8	220 150	5 - 8 4 - 7		
8630 - 8645	210	3 - 5	190	4-6	170	5 - 7	150	4 - 6		
8647 - 8660	210	2 - 4	190	3-5	170	4 - 6	150	3 - 5		
8715 - 8750 9310 - 9317	210 190	3 - 6 2- 4	190 160	5 - 8 3 - 5	170 150	6 - 8 3 - 5	150 130	4 - 7 2 - 4		
9437 - 9445	210	4-6	190	5-7	170	5 - 8	150	4 - 7		
9747 - 9763	210	3 - 5	190	4-6	170	4 - 7	150	3-6		
9840 - 9850	210	4 - 7	190	5 - 8	170	6 - 9	150	4 - 8		
NICKEL MOLY STEEL	220	4 - 7	200	5 - 8	190	6-9	160	5 - 8		
4615 - 4626 4815 - 4820	220 210	3-6	190	3-6	180 170	6-9 4-6	160 140	4-6		
CHROMIUM STEEL										
5045 - 5046	210	5 -8	190	6 - 9	170	8 - 11	150	7 - 10		
5120 - 5135 5140 - 5160	230 210	4 - 6 4 - 6	210 190	6 - 8 4 - 6	180 170	7 - 10 5 - 7	160 150	5 - 9 4 - 6		
50100 - 52100	175	3 - 5	140	4-6	130	5-7	110	4 - 6		
CHROME VANADIUM STEE	L									
6118	230	4 - 6	210	5 - 8	190	6-9	170	5 - 8		
6150 SILICON STEEL	210	3 - 5	190	4 - 7	170	5 - 8	150	4 - 7		
9254 - 9260	210	3 - 5	190	4 - 6	190	4 - 8	160	3 - 7		
COLD WORK DIE STEEL	210	55	150	10	150	10	100	5,		
A2, A3, A6	210	2 - 4	190	3 - 5	190	3 - 6	160	2 - 4		
A7	170	2 - 4	160	4 - 5	150	3-6	125	2 - 4		
D2, D3, D4 D7	135 110	1 - 3 1 - 3	115 90	2 - 4 1 - 3	120 80	2 - 4 2 - 3	80 60	2 - 3 1 - 3		
01, 02	240	3 - 6	230	4 - 7	200	5 - 8	180	4 - 7		
06, 07	230	4 - 7	220	5 - 8	200	6 - 9	160	5 - 8		
HOT WORK STEEL	225	3.6	200	Λ	100	A 7	170	2.6		
H12, H13, H21 H22, H24, H25	235 190	3 - 6 2 - 4	200 175	4 - 6 2 - 5	190 160	4 - 7 3 - 6	170 135	3 - 6 2 - 4		
SHOCK RESISTANT STEEL						· · · ·		· - ·		
S1	230	3-6	210	4 - 6	200	4 - 7	160	3-6		
S2, S5	180	2 - 4	165	3 - 5	150	3-6	120	2 - 4		

	F	or use w	/ith Bi-/	Metal Bl	ades*			
	UNDI	ER 1″	1″ T	O 3″	3″ T	O 6″	6″ - C	VER
TYPE OF MATERIAL	Blade Speed (SFM)	Removal Rate (in ² /min.)						
SPECIAL PURPOSE STEEL	210	2.5	210	4 7	100	F 0	175	4 7
L2, L6 L7	210 200	3 - 5 3 - 5	210 190	4 - 7 4 - 6	190 180	5 - 8 4 - 7	175 130	4 - 7 3 - 6
WATER HARDENING STEEL W1	265	3 - 6	240	5 - 7	220	5 - 7	180	3 - 5
HIGH SPEED STEEL	165	2 - 4	150	2 - 5	145	3-6	100	3 - 5
M1, M2, M7 M3, M4, M10 M30, M33	165 125 100	2 - 4 1 - 3	100 90	2 - 5 2 - 3	145 100 75	3 - 5 2 - 3	80 70	3 - 4 1 - 3
M41, M42, M43 T1, T2	100 150	1 - 3 2 - 4	90 135	1 - 3 2 - 4	75 120	1 - 4 2 - 5	70 100	1 - 3 2 - 4
T4, T5, T6 T15, M15	125 90	1 - 3 1 - 3	110 70	1 - 4 1 - 3	100 60	2 - 4 1 - 3	85 50	1 - 3 1 - 2
AUSTENITIC STAINLESS ST 201, 202, 301 - 304	EEL 135	3 - 4	120	2 - 5	120	3 - 6	85	2 - 4
303, 303F, 303Se 305, 308 - 314	160 100	3 - 6 1 - 2	140 85	3 - 6 1 - 2	135 75	4 - 6 1 - 3	90 65	3 - 5
316, 317, 329 321, 347, 348	100 100 140	1 - 2 2 - 4	90 125	1 - 2 2 - 5	80 120	1 - 3 3 - 6	60 90	1 - 2 2 - 4
330	85	1 - 2	65	1 - 3	55	1 - 4	45	1 - 2
FERRITIC STAINLESS STEEL 429, 430	120	2 - 4	100	3 - 4	90	3 - 6	75	2 - 4
430F, 430FSe 434, 436	130 100	3 - 5 2 - 4	115 80	5 - 6 3 - 4	100 75	5 - 7 3 - 5	90 55	4 - 6 3 - 4
442 446	110 90	2 - 4 2 - 4	85 70	3 - 5 3 - 4	75 60	3 - 6 2 - 5	60 50	3 - 5 1 - 3
MARTENSITIC STAINLESS 403, 410, 420	170	2 - 5	155	3-6	145	3 - 7	100	2 - 4
414, 416Se 420F, 416	235 220	5 - 9 3 - 8	210 200	6 - 9 5 - 9	195 190	7 - 11 6 - 10	170 150	5 - 9 4 - 8
440A, B, C 501, 502	130 135	2 - 4	120 120	2 - 6 2 - 4	110 100	3 - 7 3 - 4	70 80	1 - 4
NICKEL BASED ALLOYS	135	1-2	120	2-4	100	5-4	80	2-3
Monel K-Monel	100 115	1 - 4 1 - 4	90 90	1 - 4 1 - 4	85 70	2 - 4 2 - 4	65 50	1 - 3 1 - 2
R-Monel K-R Monel	130 115	2 - 4 1 - 4	100 100	2 - 5 1 - 4	90 100	3 - 5 2 - 5	60 65	1 - 4 1 - 3
Inconel Inconel 625-x-750	105 95	2- 4 1 - 2	90 80	2 - 4 1 - 2	75 70	2 - 3 1 - 2	50 40	1 - 2
Inconel 718 Incoloy 800 - 802	95 95	1 - 2 1 - 2	80 75	1 - 2 1 - 2	70 60	1 - 2 1 - 2	40 35	1
Incoloy 804 - 825	60 100	1	40 90	1 - 2	40	1 - 2	30 50	
Waspalloy Hastelloy A	130	2 - 3	110	1 - 2 3 - 4	70 100	1 - 2 4 - 6	70	1 - 3
Hastelloy B Hastelloy C	110 100	1 - 2 1 - 2	80 90	1 - 3 1 - 2	75 80	1 - 4 1 - 2	60 65	1-2
Rene 41 Udimet 500	90 95	1	80 80	1 - 2 1 - 2	60 70	1 - 2 1 - 2	50 60	1
TITANIUM 6AL 4V	65	.5-1	50	1 - 2	50	1 - 2	40	.5 - 1
MARAGING STEEL								T
Most BRONZE	190	3 - 4	145	4 - 6	110	6 - 7	90	4 - 6
Most Aluminum Bronze	230 100	6 - 9 2 - 4	205 95	10 - 12 3 - 4	180 85	10 - 12 3 - 5	140 70	7 - 9 3 - 4
ALUMINUM Most	800		700		600		500	
CAST IRON Class 20	210	Q _ 10	200	11 - 15	100	11 - 15	160	10 - 14
Class 40	210 170	9 - 12 7 - 9	200 160	11 - 15 7 -10	180 140	11 - 15 8 - 12	160 120	10 - 14 7 - 11
Ductile 60-40-18, 150 HB Ductile 80-55-06, 225 HB	240 140	6 - 8 3 - 4	230 130	8 - 10 4 - 5	230 120	8 - 10 5 - 7	220 110	6 - 7 3 - 5

*Reduce speeds by 50% for carbon blades. For carbide tipped blades, ask your Morse sales contact.

A DE SPEED/REMOVAL RATE 5

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Cut Time Calculator

The following chart will help you determine how long a cut will take by cross referencing the bar size to be cut with the removal rate being used.

					Rei	mova	al Ra	te - 9	Squa	re In	ches	; Per	Min	ute					
Bar Dia.	Bar Area, In²	1 in² /min	2 in² /min	3 in² /min	4 in² /min	5 in² /min	6 in² /min	7 in² /min	8 in² /min	9 in² /min	10 in² /min	11 in² /min	12 in² /min	13 in² /min	14 in² /min	15 in² /min	16 in² /min	17 in² /min	18 in² /min
									Ν	linutes	Per Cu	t							
1.00	0.79	.79	.39	.26	.20	.16	.13	.11	.10	.09	.08	.07	.07	.06	.06	.05	.05	.05	.04
1.25	1.23	1.2	.61	.41	.31	.25	.20	.18	.15	.14	.12	.11	.10	.09	.09	.08	.08	.07	.07
1.50	1.77	1.8	.88	.59	.44	.35	.29	.25	.22	.20	.18	.16	.15	.14	.13	.12	.11	.10	.10
1.75	2.41	2.4	1.2	.80	.60	.48	.40	.34	.30	.27	.24	.22	.20	.19	.17	.16	.15	.14	.13
2.00	3.14	3.1	1.6	1.0	.79	.63	.52	.45	.39	.35	.31	.29	.26	.24	.22	.21	.20	.18	.17
2.25	3.98	4.0	2.0	1.3	1.0	.80	.66	.57	.50	.44	.40	.36	.33	.31	.28	.27	.25	.23	.22
2.50	4.91	4.9	2.5	1.6	1.2	1.0	.82	.70	.61	.55	.49	.45	.41	.38	.35	.33	.31	.29	.27
2.75	5.94	5.9	3.0	2.0	1.5	1.2	1.0	.85	.74	.66	.59	.54	.49	.46	.42	.40	.37	.35	.33
3.00	7.07	7.1	3.5	2.4	1.8	1.4	1.2	1.0	.88	.79	.71	.64	.59	.54	.50	.47	.44	.42	.39
3.25	8.30	8.3	4.1	2.8	2.1	1.7	1.4	1.2	1.0	.92	.83	.75	.69	.64	.59	.55	.52	.49	.46
3.50	9.62	9.6	4.8	3.2	2.4	1.9	1.6	1.4	1.2	1.1	1.0	.87	.80	.74	.69	.64	.60	.57	.53
3.75	11.04	11.0	5.5	3.7	2.8	2.2	1.8	1.6	1.4	1.2	1.1	1.0	.92	.85	.79	.74	.69	.65	.61
4.00	12.57	12.6	6.3	4.2	3.1	2.5	2.1	1.8	1.6	1.4	1.3	1.1	1.0	1.0	.90	.84	.79	.74	.70
4.25	14.19	14.2	7.1	4.7	3.5	2.8	2.4	2.0	1.8	1.6	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.0	.95	.89	.83	.79
4.50	15.90	15.9	8.0	5.3	4.0	3.2	2.7	2.3	2.0	1.8	1.6	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.0	.94	.88
4.75	17.72	17.7	8.9	5.9	4.4	3.5	3.0	2.5	2.2	2.0	1.8	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.0	1.0
5.00	19.64	19.6	9.8	6.5	4.9	3.9	3.3	2.8	2.5	2.2	2.0	1.8	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.1
5.25	21.65	21.6	10.8	7.2	5.4	4.3	3.6	3.1	2.7	2.4	2.2	2.0	1.8	1.7	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.2
5.50	23.76	23.8	11.9	7.9	5.9	4.8	4.0	3.4	3.0	2.6	2.4	2.2	2.0	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.3
5.75	25.97	26.0	13.0	8.7	6.5	5.2	4.3	3.7	3.2	2.9	2.6	2.4	2.2	2.0	1.9	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.4
6.00	28.27	28.3	14.1	9.4	7.1	5.7	4.7	4.0	3.5	3.1	2.8	2.6	2.4	2.2	2.0	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.6
6.25	30.68	30.7	15.3	10.2	7.7	6.1	5.1	4.4	3.8	3.4	3.1	2.8	2.6	2.4	2.2	2.0	1.9	1.8	1.7
6.50	33.18	33.2	16.6	11.1	8.3	6.6	5.5	4.7	4.1	3.7	3.3	3.0	2.8	2.6	2.4	2.2	2.1	2.0	1.8
6.75	35.78	35.8	17.9	11.9	8.9	7.2	6.0	5.1	4.5	4.0	3.6	3.3	3.0	2.8	2.6	2.4	2.2	2.1	2.0
7.00	38.48	38.5	19.2	12.8	9.6	7.7	6.4	5.5	4.8	4.3	3.8	3.5	3.2	3.0	2.7	2.6	2.4	2.3	2.1
7.25	41.28	41.3	20.6	13.8	10.3	8.3	6.9	5.9	5.2	4.6	4.1	3.8	3.4	3.2	2.9	2.8	2.6	2.4	2.3
7.50	44.18	44.2	22.1	14.7	11.0	8.8	7.4	6.3	5.5	4.9	4.4	4.0	3.7	3.4	3.2	2.9	2.8	2.6	2.5
7.75	47.17	47.2	23.6	15.7	11.8	9.4	7.9	6.7	5.9	5.2	4.7	4.3	3.9	3.6	3.4	3.1	2.9	2.8	2.6
8.00	50.27	50.3	25.1	16.8	12.6	10.1	8.4	7.2	6.3	5.6	5.0	4.6	4.2	3.9	3.6	3.4	3.1	3.0	2.8
8.25	53.46	53.5	26.7	17.8	13.4	10.7	8.9	7.6	6.7	5.9	5.3	4.9	4.5	4.1	3.8	3.6	3.3	3.1	3.0
8.50	56.75	56.7	28.4	18.9	14.2	11.3	9.5	8.1	7.1	6.3	5.7	5.2	4.7	4.4	4.1	3.8	3.5	3.3	3.2
8.75	60.13	60.1	30.1	20.0	15.0	12.0	10.0	8.6	7.5	6.7	6.0	5.5	5.0	4.6	4.3	4.0	3.8	3.5	3.3
9.00	63.62	63.6	31.8	21.2	15.9	12.7	10.6	9.1	8.0	7.1	6.4	5.8	5.3	4.9	4.5	4.2	4.0	3.7	3.5
9.25	67.20	67.2	33.6	22.4	16.8	13.4	11.2	9.6	8.4	7.5	6.7	6.1	5.6	5.2	4.8	4.5	4.2	4.0	3.7
9.50	70.88	70.9	35.4	23.6	17.7	14.2	11.8	10.1	8.9	7.9	7.1	6.4	5.9	5.5	5.1	4.7	4.4	4.2	3.9
9.75	74.66	74.7	37.3	24.9	18.7	14.9	12.4	10.7	9.3	8.3	7.5	6.8	6.2	5.7	5.3	5.0	4.7	4.4	4.1
10.00	78.54	78.5	39.3	26.2	19.6	15.7	13.1	11.2	9.8	8.7	7.9	7.1	6.5	6.0	5.6	5.2	4.9	4.6	4.4

CALCULATION CHAR CUT TIME

Minimum Cut Radius Per Blade Width

The minimum radius that can be cut with a blade width is most often used for die block cutting and wood cutting.

Minimum radius cut for a given blade width

Blade Width	Minimum Radius	Materials Thickness 1″/25mm
1″/25mm	7-1/4″/184mm	
3/4″/19mm	5-7/16″/138mm	
5/8″/16mm	3-3/4″/95mm	
1/2″/13mm	2-1/2″/63mm	
3/8″/10mm	1-1/4″/32mm	
1/4″/6mm	5/8″/16mm	
3/16″/5mm	3/8″/10mm	
1/8″/3mm	7/32″/5.5mm	

TECH INFORMATION METAL CHIP EVALUATION

Using Metal Chips to Troubleshoot

You can improve the productivity of your metal cutting operation by paying close attention to the chips made by the blade cutting through metal. This chart shows some of the common problems that can be discovered and solved by paying attention to chips

Chip Form	Chip Condition	Chip Color	Blade Speed	Blade Feed Rate	Other
2	Thick, Hard and Short	Blue or Brown	Decrease	Decrease	Check Cutting Fluid & Mix
	Thin and Curled	Silver	Suitable	Suitable	
	Powder	Silver	Decrease	Increase	
Ø	Thin and Tightly Curled	Silver	Suitable	Decrease	Check Tooth Pitch

Problem	Problem Cause	Solution
Premature Blade Breakage	 Incorrect blade - teeth too coarse Blade tension too high Side guides too tight Damaged or misadjusted blade guides Excessive feed Incorrect cutting fluid Wheel diameter too small for blade Blade rubbing on wheel flanges Teeth in contact with work before starting saw 	 Use finer tooth pitch Reduce blade tension (see machine manual) Check side guide clearance (see machine manual) Check all guides for alignment/damage Reduce feed pressure Check coolant Use thinner blade Adjust wheel alignment Allow 1/2" clearance before starting cut
Straight Break indicates fatigue	Incorrect blade speed	 Increase or decrease blade speed
Premature Dulling of Teeth	 Teeth pointing in wrong direction / blade mounted backwards Improper or no blade break-in Hard spots in material Material work hardened Improper coolant Improper coolant concentration Speed too high Feed too light Teeth too small 	 Install blade correctly. If teeth are facing the wrong direction, flip blade inside out Break in blade properly (Page 17) Check for hardness or hard spots like scale or flame cut areas Increase feed pressure Check coolant type Check coolant mixture Check recommended blade speed (Page 24-25) Increase feed pressure Increase tooth size
Material Material Inaccurate Cut	 Tooth set damage Excessive feed pressure Improper tooth size Cutting fluid not applied evenly Guides worn or loose Insufficient blade tension 	 Check for worn set on one side of blade Reduce feed pressure Check tooth size chart (Page 23) Check coolant nozzles Tighten or replace guides, check for proper alignment Adjust to recommended tension
Band Leading in Cut	 Over-feed Insufficient blade tension Tooth set damage Guide arms loose or set too far apart Chips not being cleaned from gullets Teeth too small 	 Reduce feed force Adjust recommended tension Check material for hard inclusions Position arms as close to work as possible. Tighten arms. Check chip brush Increase tooth size
Chip Welding	 Insufficient coolant flow Wrong coolant concentration Excessive speed and/or pressure Tooth size too small Chip brush not working 	 Check coolant level and flow Check coolant ratio Reduce speed and/or pressure Use coarser tooth pitch Repair or replace chip brush
Teeth Fracture Back of tooth indicates work spinning in clamps	 Incorrect speed and/or feed Incorrect blade pitch Saw guides not adjusted properly Chip brush not working Work spinning or moving in vise 	 Check cutting chart (Page 24-25) Check tooth size chart (Page 23) Adjust or replace saw guides Repair or replace chip brush Check bundle configuration/adjust vise pressure
Irregular Break Indicates material movement	 Indexing out of sequence Material loose in vice 	 Check proper machine movement Check vise or clamp

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Problem	Problem Cause	Solution
Teeth Stripping	 Feed pressure too high Tooth stuck in cut Improper or insufficient coolant Incorrect tooth size Hard spots in material Work spinning in vise - loose nest or bundle Blade speed too slow Blade teeth running backwards Chip brush not working 	 Reduce feed pressure Do not enter old cut with a new blade Check coolant flow and concentration Check tooth size chart (Page 23) Check material for hard inclusions Check clamping pressure - be sure work is held firmly Increase blade speed - see cutting chart (Page 24-25) Reverse blade (turn inside out) Repair or replace chip brush
Wear on Back of Blades	 Excessive feed pressure Insufficient blade tension Back-up guide roll frozen, damaged, or worn Blade rubbing on wheel flange 	 Decrease feed pressure Increase blade tension and readjust guides Repair or replace back-up roll or guide Adjust wheel cant
Rough Cut Washboard surface Vibration and or chatter	 Dull or damaged blade Incorrect speed or feed Insufficient blade support Incorrect tooth pitch Insufficient coolant 	 Replace with new blade Increase speed or decrease feed Move guide arms as close as possible to the work Use finer pitch blade Check coolant flow
Wear Lines, Loss of Set	 Saw guide inserts or wheel flange are riding on teeth Insufficient blade tension Hard spots in material Back-up guide worn 	 Check machine manual for correct blade width Tension blade properly Check material for inclusions Replace guide
Twisted Blade Profile sawing	 Blade binding in cut Side guides too tight Radius too small for blade width Work not firmly held Erratic coolant flow Excessive blade tension 	 Decrease feed pressure Adjust side guide gap Use narrower blade Check clamping pressure Check coolant nozzles Decrease blade tension
Blade Wear Teeth blued	 Incorrect blade Incorrect feed or speed Improper or insufficient coolant 	 Use coarser tooth pitch Increase feed or decrease speed Check coolant flow

Blade Usage Notes

Experience is often the best way to save time and money in your usage of band saws for repeated cutting applications. By tracking the type of blades used, blade life, cut times and machine settings for a given material, you will develop a knowledge base for later comparison. It will also better equip the technical support staff at M. K. Morse to help you get optimum results in your band saw usage.

Blado Bocom dation Charklist

THE R. P. LEWIS CO.

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	User Information	Distributor Information
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Phone No.:		Phone No.:
	Plada Information	Fax No.:
	Blade Information	e-mail:
Manufacturer:		
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ECTION WORKSHE

PHONE	(330) 453-8187
FAX HOTLINE	(330) 453-1111 (800) 733-3377
FAX HOTLINE	(800) 729-1112

WEBSITES mkmorse.com

bladewizard.com independenceband.com

MAILING ADDRESS: P.O. Box 8677 Canton, Ohio 44711 USA SHIPPING ADDRESS: 1101 - 11th St., S.E. Canton, Ohio 44707 USA